

National Weather Service Binghamton



Winter SKYWARN Presentation



National Weather Service
Binghamton NY Forecast Office











National Weather Service

Working Together to Save Lives





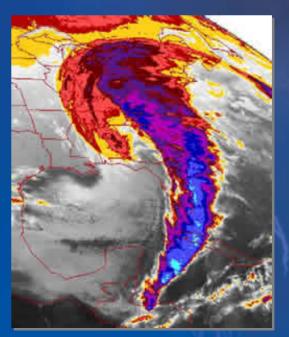
NORR

Forecasting Hazardous Weather

- An important job tied to public safety!!
- Issue warnings to alert public of severe weather, floods, blizzards, ice storms, high winds, hurricanes and coastal storms.











How do Weather Spotters help the NWS?



- Real time reports assist the National Weather Service in our warning decisions.
- Helps forecasters gauge how severe a storm is.
- Your information may be the reason a warning is issued, and/or provides credibility to a warning.
- You could help provide the citizens of your community with potentially life-saving information.
- SKYWARN provides a backbone of emergency communications.
- The trained eye of the storm spotter is still our greatest asset!









Winter Storms











Winter Storms Can Kill!!



- Related to ice and snow:
 - About 70% occur in automobiles.
 - About 25% are people caught out in the storm.
 - Majority are males over 40 years old.
- Related to exposure to cold:
 - 50% are people over 60 years old.
 - Over 75% are males.
 - About 20% occur in the home.

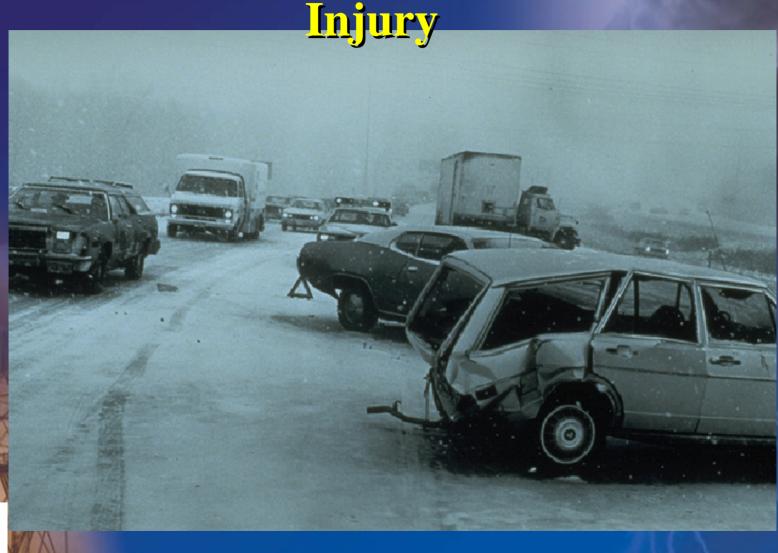






Increased Frequency of Accidents: Number 1 Cause of Death and













Motorists typically unprepared for sudden changes in road conditions and visibility







Winter Hazards



- Heavy Snow
- Ice
- Cold Outbreaks
- Wind
- **Flooding**













Great Falls - Photo by N3PRZ



Hazardous Weather Outlook



- 1 to 7 Day Outlook
- Text Product
- Includes potential for Skywarn Activation
- Issued daily at 5 am and 11 am and updated as needed





Go to http://weather.gov/bgm





ZCZC ALBHWOBGM FLUS41 KBGM 120954 HAZARDOUS WEATHER OUTLOOK NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE BINGHAMTON NY 444 AM EST FRI DEC 12 2003

NYZ009-018-036-037-121141-MADISON NY-NORTHERN ONEIDA NY-ONONDAGA NY-SOUTHERN ONEIDA NY-444 AM EST FRI DEC 12 2003

THIS HAZARDOUS WEATHER OUTLOOK IS FOR CENTRAL NEW YORK AND NORTHEAST PENNSYLVANIA.

.DAY ONE...TODAY...

LAKE EFFECT SNOW SHOWERS AND SQUALLS WILL PREVAIL THROUGH MUCH OF TONIGHT. EXPECT A GENERAL 3 TO 8 INCH SNOWFALL ACROSS THE REGION BY DAYBREAK SATURDAY. FOR FURTHER DETAILS...PLEASE REFER TO THE LATEST VERSION OF THE PRODUCT ALBWSWBGM.

.DAYS TWO THROUGH SEVEN...

A SIGNIFICANT SNOWFALL EVENT FROM A STORM MOVING UP THE EAST COAST IS POSSIBLE FROM SUNDAY INTO EARLY MONDAY. FOR MORE DETAILS...PLEASE REFER TO THE LATEST VERSION OF THE PRODUCT ALBSPSBGM.

ANOTHER STORM SYSTEM COULD BRING MORE SNOW...OR A MIXED BAG OF PRECIPITATION FROM WEDNESDAY INTO THURSDAY. MUCH UNCERTAINTY EXISTS AT THIS TIME RANGE.

.SPOTTER CALL TO ACTION STATEMENT...
FORMAL SKYWARN ACTIVATION IS NOT ANTICIPATED TODAY OR TONIGHT.
HOWEVER...SNOW SPOTTERS ARE ENCOURAGED TO CALL IN THEIR REPORTS TO
THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE IN BINGHAMTON.



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Winter Storm Outlook



A Winter Storm Outlook is issued when there is the potential (30% chance or more) of a winter storm within the next several days. It is used to alert the public of the potential and allow for some early planning and preparations.

NWS will issue a Winter Storm Outlook 2 to 5 days prior to the event.







Winter Storm Watch



A Winter Storm Watch is issued when there is the potential (50% chance or more) for a winter storm. A winter storm watch is used to cover all of the potential hazards from snow to ice to wind and extreme cold.

Potential exists for 7 inches of snow or more in 12 hours

Potential exists for ½ inch or more of ice

NWS will issue a Winter Storm Watch 24 to 60 hours in advance of the event.













Winter Weather Advisory



A Winter Weather Advisory is issued when snow, sleet, and/or freezing rain are expected to produce conditions which are a nuisance, but not life threatening.



NWS Binghamton issues Winter Weather Advisories for four inches of snow and/or sleet or any accumulation of ice from freezing rain or drizzle.









Winter Storm Warning



A Winter Storm Warning is issued when a winter storm (meeting the NWS criteria listed before) has a high probability of occurrence (80% or more), is already occurring or is imminent.

7 inches of snow or more expected in 12 hours

1/2 inch or more of ice expected.

NWS issues a Winter Storm Warning 0 to 24 hours in advance of the event.





Photo by N3PRZ







Definitions



Blizzard Warning:

- Heavy snow, high winds, huge drifts, prolonged white-out conditions
- Most Dangerous and Life-threatening winter storm!!

Winter Storm Warnings:

- More than 6 inches/12 hours: Heavy Snow Warning or Lake Effect Snow Warning
- 1/2 inch or more of ice: Ice Storm Warning
- Dangerous combination of snow, ice, low wind chill, and/or blowing/drifting snow. Generic Winter Storm Warning

Winter Weather Advisories:

- 4 to 6 inches/12 hours: Snow or Lake Effect Snow Advisory
- Any accumulation of ice: Freezing Rain Advisory
- Hazardous combination of snow, ice, low wind chill, and/or blowing/drifting snow. Generic Winter Weather Advisory







More Definitions



- Heavy Snow: more than 6 inches/12 hours.
- Blizzard: the most severe winter storm. Wind or wind gusts exceeding 35 mph for 3 hours or more combined with blowing and/or falling snow. Visibilities near zero. Widespread whiteout conditions.
- Blizzards are a serious life-threatening weather hazard!!!!!
- Snow Squall: intense periods of snow with near blizzard or blizzard conditions at times.
- **Snow Shower:** intermittent accumulating snow



Snow Flurries: very light snow with little or no accumulation.



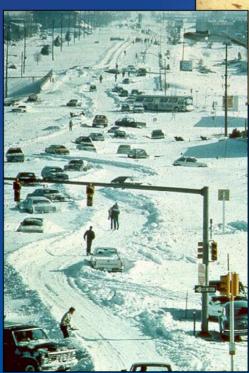






Disrupts Transportation















- Traffic Accidents
 - Driving too fast for conditions
 - Suddenly driving into it
 - 125 cars on I-95 in January
 2001 when vehicles hit blinding snow at 45 mph
 - Hitting a snow drift at speed
 - Hitting a snow patch at speed















Closes Schools and Businesses





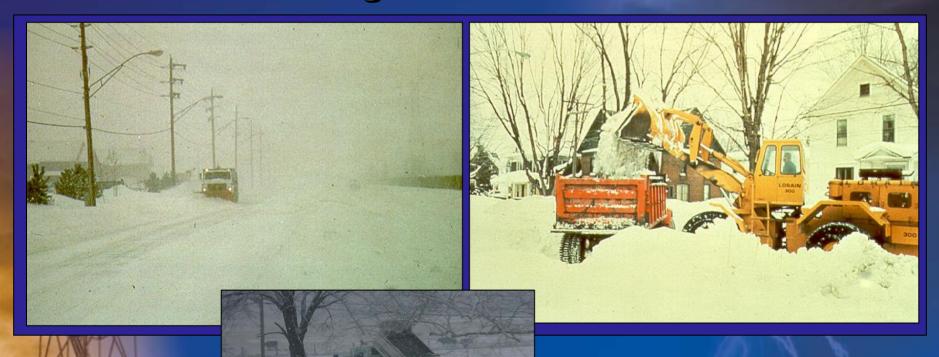
Bethesda- photo by N3PRZ







Cost of Plowing and Snow Removal









- Weight of heavy snow can cause roof collapse
- Break tree limbs and utility lines







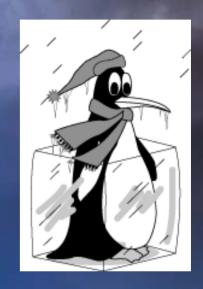


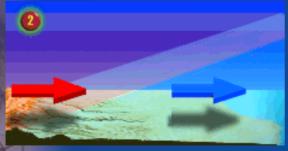


What Makes a Winter Storm



- Cold
- Moisture
- Lift





Source: USA Today

Lift refers to a mechanism to make the air rise. Rising air cools and condenses forming clouds and precipitation.







Sources of Cold Air



- Arctic
- High Pressure











Sources for Moisture



- Great Lakes
- Gulf of Mexico
- Gulf Stream
- AtlanticOcean





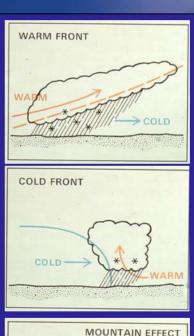


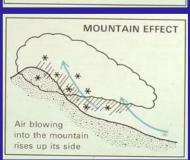


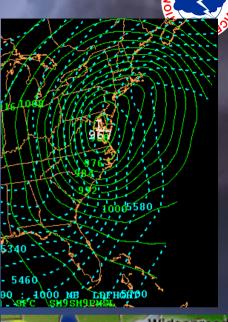
Sources of Lift

- Lows and Fronts
- Mountains

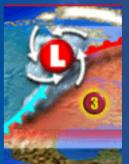
















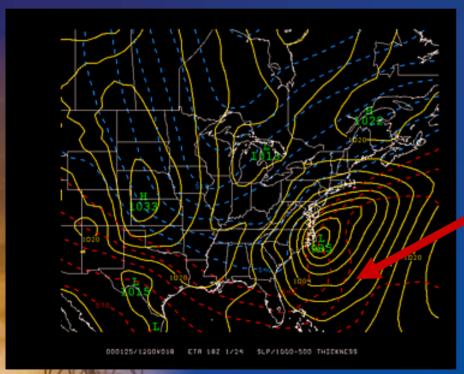




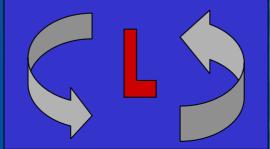
What is a Nor'easter?



 Named for the strong winds blowing out of the northeast ahead of a coastal low



These storms produce the greatest snowfall in the Mid-Atlantic Coastal areas.

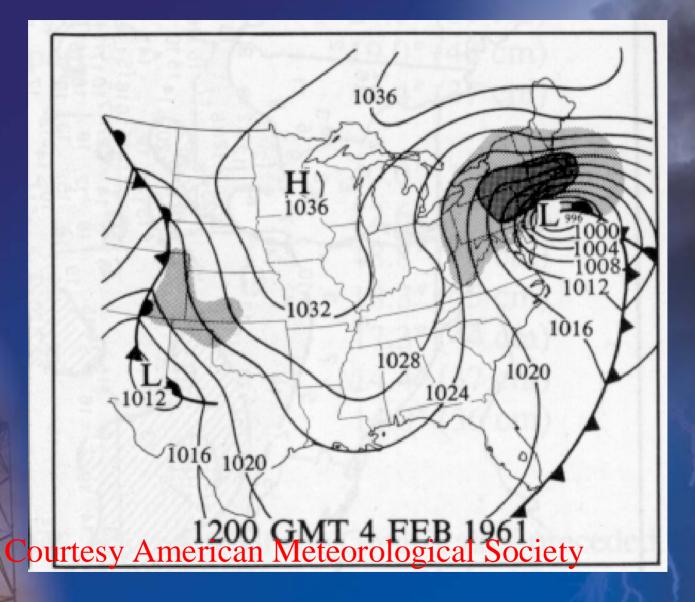








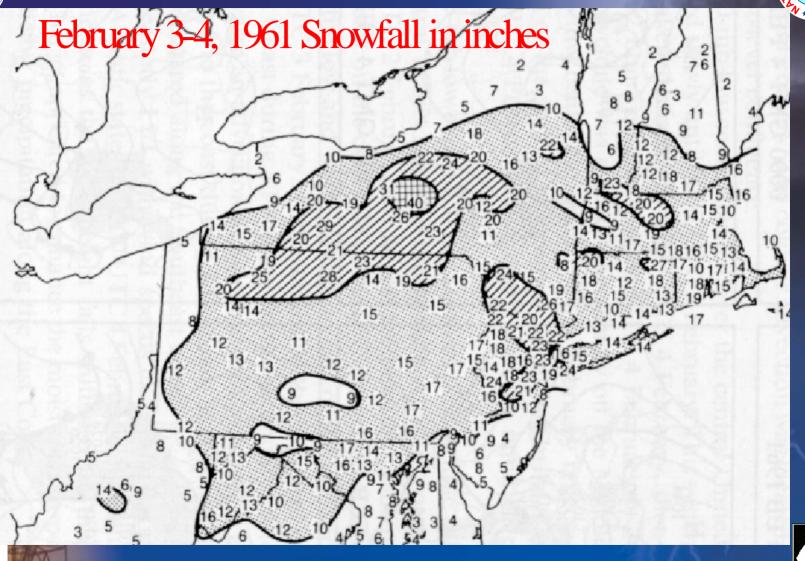








Courtesy American Meteorological Society









What is a Blizzard?



- Wind
 - Gusts to 35 mph or higher
- Visibility
 - Near zero
- Temperatures
 - Below 20 degrees
 - Wind chill in the single digits or colder





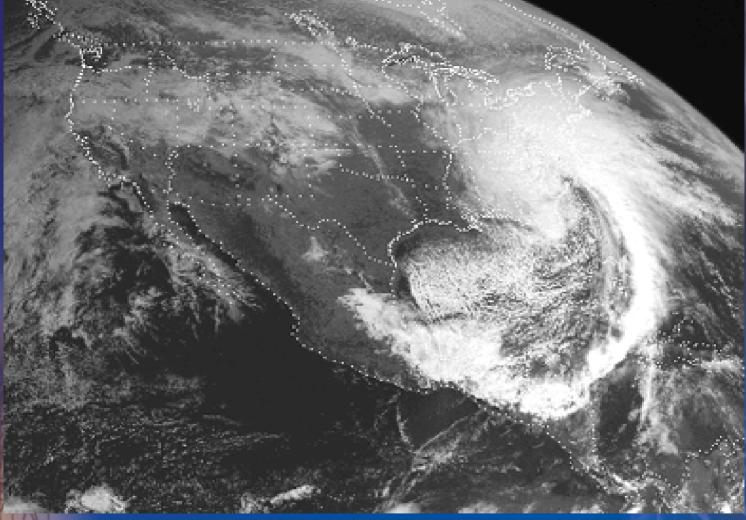






1993 Storm of the Century

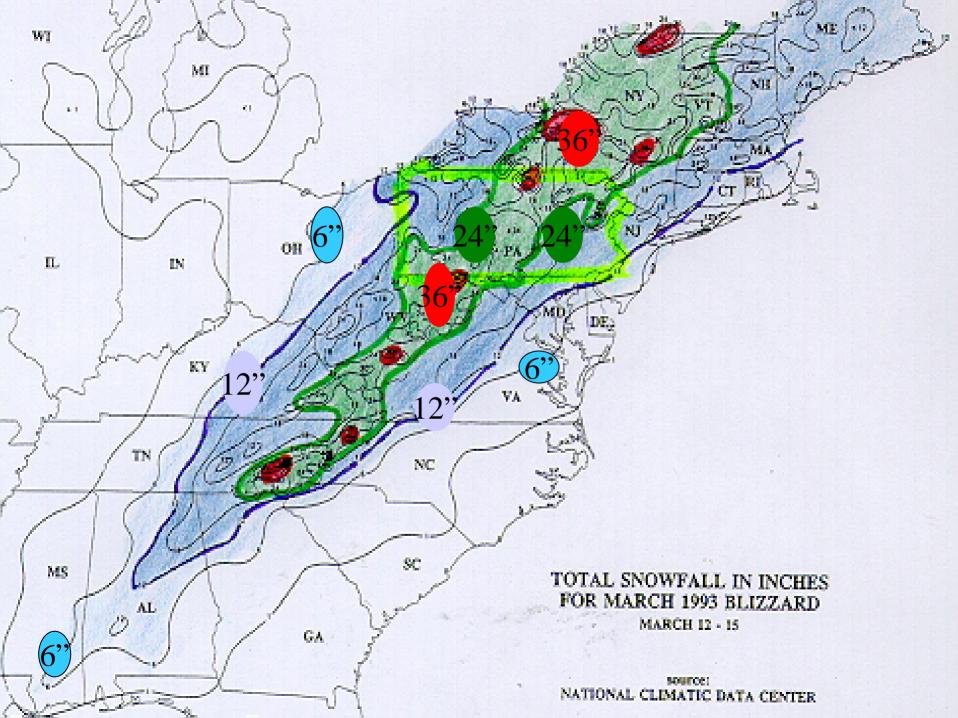






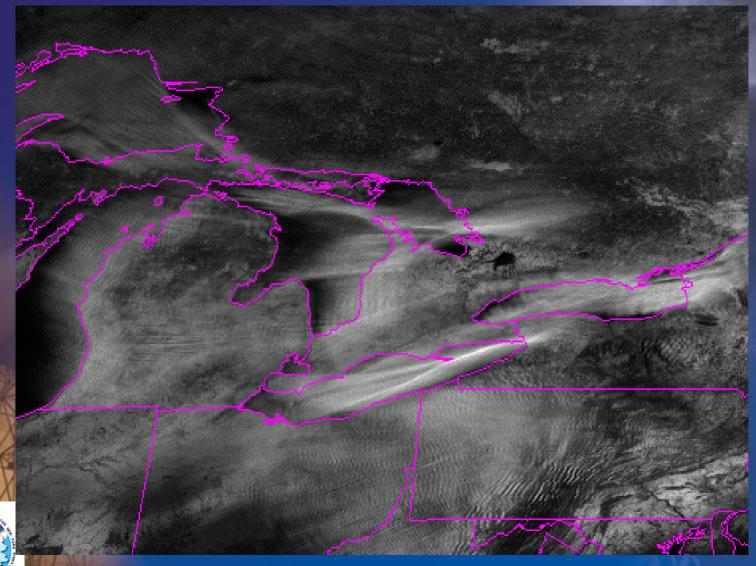
NOAA Satellite Image







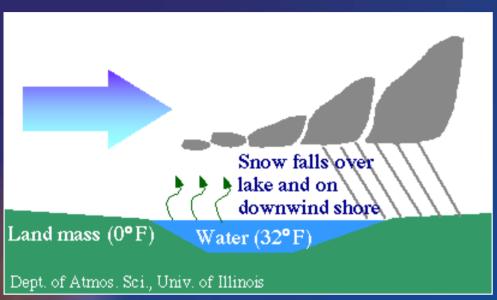
Daytime Visible Satellite Imagery of Lake Effect Snow Event





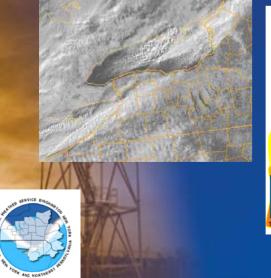


Lake Effect Snow





- Warm water heats air above
- Warm air is unstable and rises
- Snow bands form
- Mountains add additional lift



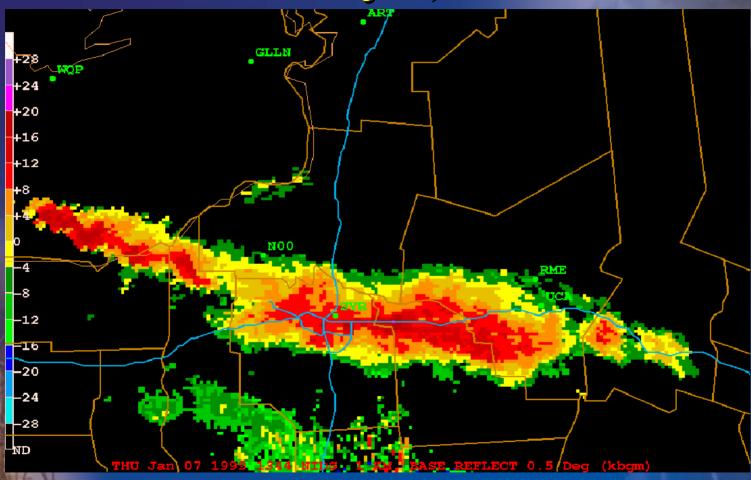






Lake Effect Snow Event January 7, 1999





















Ice Storms



- Freezing rain: rain that freezes on contact with all exposed surfaces. Objects become encased in ice, can damage trees and power lines.
- Sleet: Frozen raindrops that bounce on impact with the ground. Does NOT glaze over or encase objects with ice.







Ice Impacts



Heavy weight brings down trees





January 1998







Ice Impacts



Power and Communication lines come down













Ice Impacts



- Traffic accidents
- Pedestrian falls



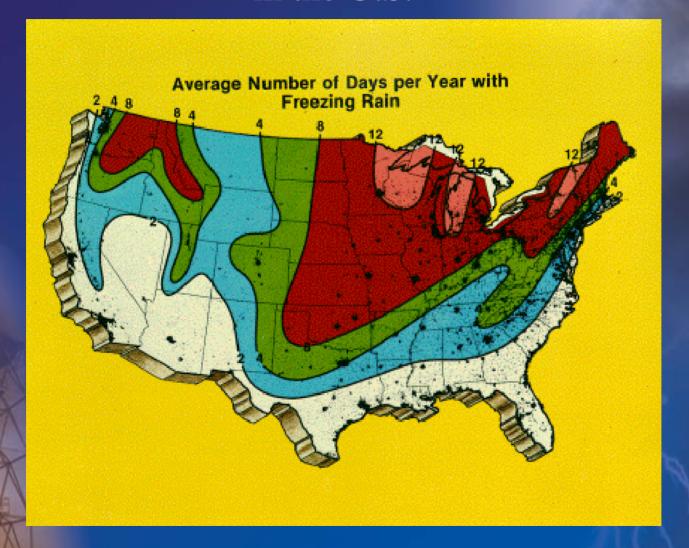






Central New York has one of the highest incidences of ice storms in the U.S.





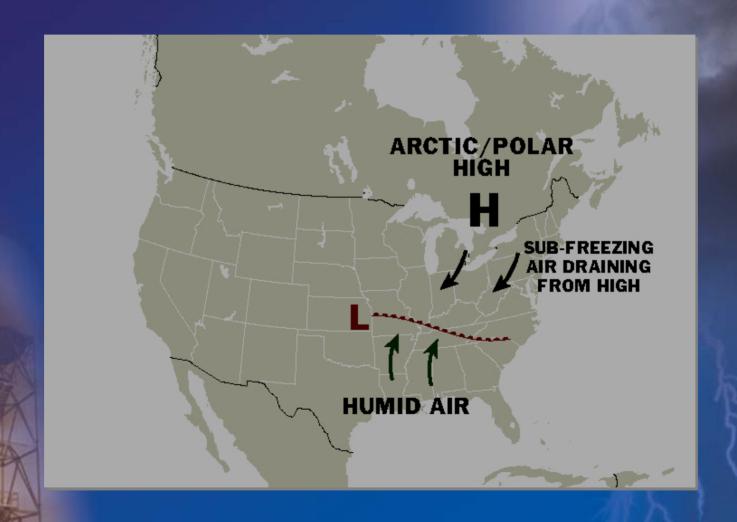






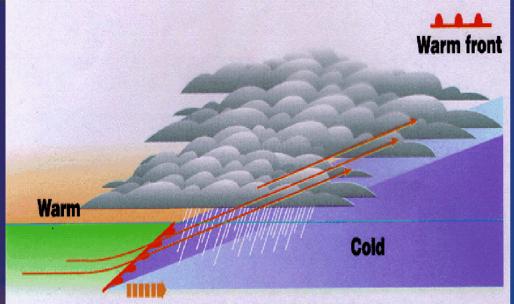
WINTER WEATHER











Common way that freezing rain and sleet Forms.

Cold air is more dense, heavier, than warm air.

Warm air rises over the cold air because It is less dense, lighter





Warm Front

Cold Air
Warm Air
Warmer Air

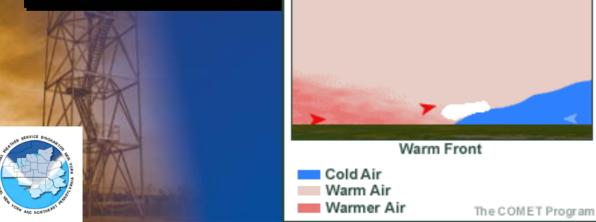
The COMET Program



Precipitation Types













Winter and Spring Flooding



- Typical snowpack water equivalents can exceed 6 inches some winters!
- Many places typically have 2 to 6 inches of water locked up in the snowpack by late winter
- And...
- We know it is going to melt eventually.
- With heavy rain and warm temperatures, which can happen in late winter/early spring....big flooding can result!

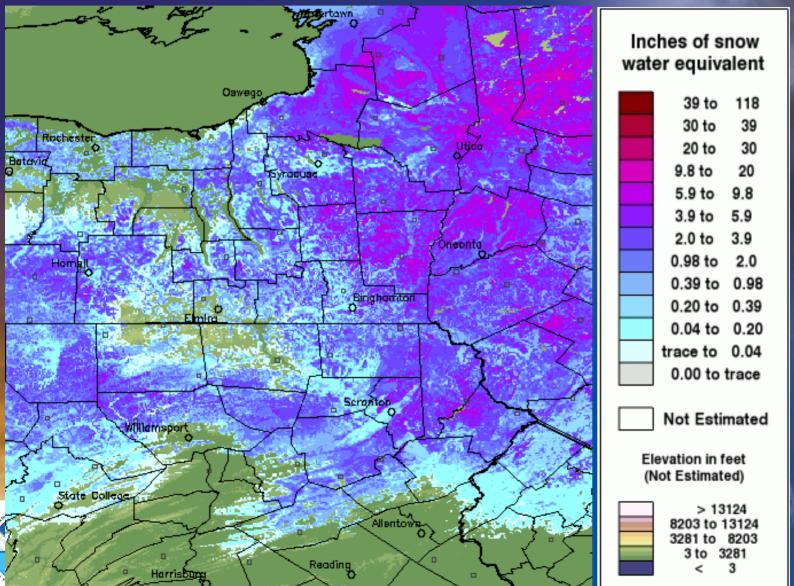






Mid March 2005





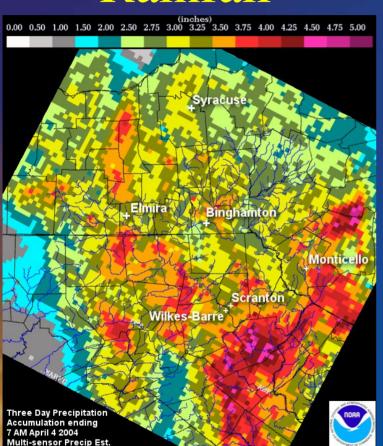




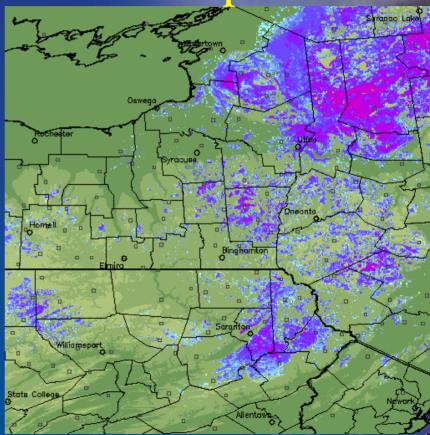
April 2-4, 2005 Flood



Rainfall



Snowpack









The April 2-4, 2005 Flood



- Approaching 100 Million Dollars
- 2 deaths
- 0 injuries
- 265 Businesses affected
- Roads flooded/damaged- about 600
- Bridges flooded/damaged- about 115
 - Evacuations- about 1350







Vestal NY











More Binghamton area flood photos.









Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge











Chenango River Binghamton









Chenango River Binghamton









Marathon, NY









Marathon, NY









Tioga Terrace, NY











What to Report about Floods



Exact location and time of flooding

Give Creek/Stream name if known

Flooding conditions

- Seeping into fields?
- Running across roads?
- Through a town?
- Fast?
- Slow?

Be very specific

Use the toll free number

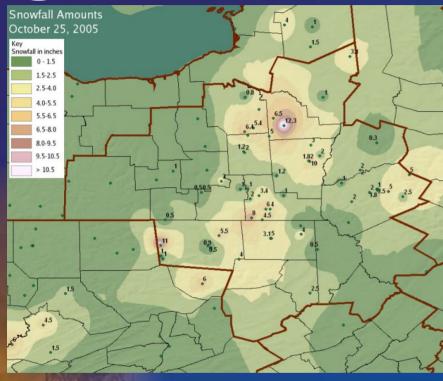






October 25th, 2005 Nor'easter





Signs of things to come?

Spotter Reports were critical!!!







October 25, 2005 Snowstorm



















Trees and wires down all over the higher









Mount Washington, NH



Snowiest October on Record!!

44 inches











Skywarn



- Skywarn Amateur Radio activation
- Measuring snow and ice
- Reporting procedures
- Contact Information







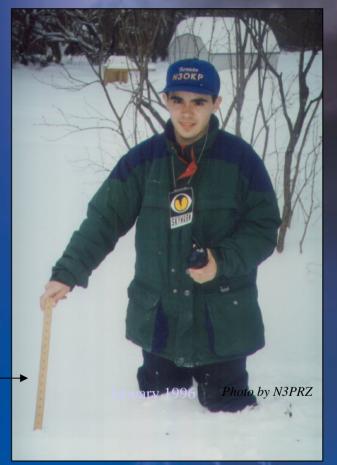
Snowfall Measurement



- Snow Board
- Ruler



22 inches



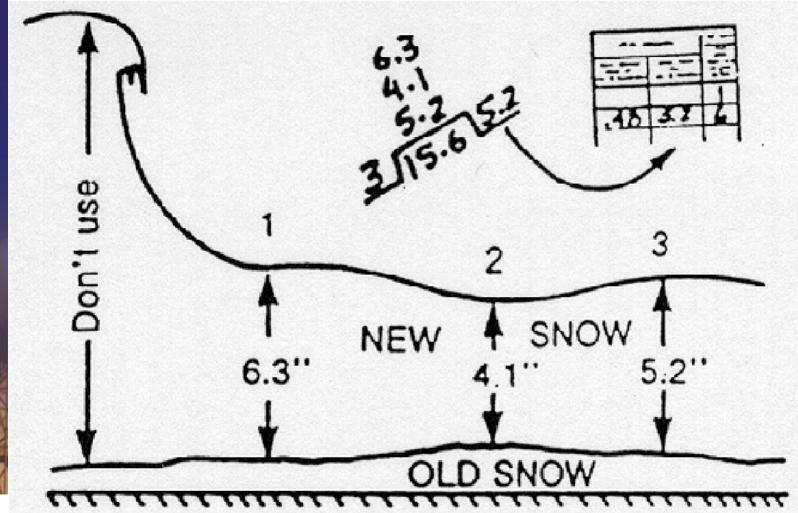






Measuring Snow











Skywarn Reporting



Snowfall

- First couple inches
- Every two inches or so
- TOTAL SNOWFALL (most important)
- Really bad road conditions and poor visibility
- Ice Accumulation any!
 - Surface its accumulating on
 - **Thickness**
 - **Temperature**









Other Skywarn Reporting



- Drifts (snow depths)
- Winds
- Flooding
- Ice Jams









Skywarn Amateur Radio Activation

- Emergency Coordinator is alerted to Watches, Warnings and Advisories
- Net is scheduled to come up near the start of the precipitation.
- Reports collected once an hour or two with net in standby in between?







Snow Spotter Reports



- How can we get snowfall information from you?
- Public Number: (607) 729-1597 press 4
 - Call with snowfall reports.
 - Email: bgm.stormreport@noaa.gov
- Can call us anytime.





Are You Prepared for Winter? Winter Safety

- Slow down when driving! Automobile accidents claim more lives in snow and ice storms than any other storm.
- Carry a winter storm survival kit in your car
- Have a family disaster plan so you can survive on your own for several days in case of long term power outages and poor road conditions.







In A Vehicle

SAND



- Non-perishable food
- Sand
- Shovel
- Flashlight and batteries
- First aid kit
- Paper towels
- Map
- Tow rope
- Matches
- Fire extinguisher 🔘
- Cell phone
- Weather Radio A M-FM radio with battery backup
- Blankets
- Extra gloves, hats, socks, and dry set of extra clothes, heavy clothers to
- keep warm (sweaters, long underwear etc)
- Boots.





At Home

















Winter Safety





	Temperature (°F)																		
	Calm	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40	-45
Wind (mph)	5	36	31	25	19	13	7	1	-5	-11	-16	-22	-28	-34	-40	-46	-52	-57	-63
	10	34	27	21	15	9	3	-4	-10	-16	-22	-28	-35	-41	-47	-53	-59	-66	-72
	15	32	25	19	13	6	0	-7	-13	-19	-26	-32	-39	-45	-51	-58	-64	-71	-77
	20	30	24	17	11	4	-2	-9	-15	-22	-29	-35	-42	-48	-55	-61	-68	-74	-81
	25	29	23	16	9	3	-4	-11	-17	-24	-31	-37	-44	-51	-58	-64	-71	-78	-84
	30	28	22	15	8	1	-5	-12	-19	-26	-33	-39	-46	-53	-60	-67	-73	-80	-87
	35	28	21	14	7	0	-7	-14	-21	-27	-34	-41	-48	-55	-62	-69	-76	-82	-89
	40	27	20	13	6	-1	-8	-15	-22	-29	-36	-43	-50	-57	-64	-71	-78	-84	-91
-	45	26	19	12	5	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-79	-86	-93
	50	26	19	12	4	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-60	-67	-74	-81	-88	-95
	55	25	18	11	4	-3	-11	-18	-25	-32	-39	-46	-54	-61	-68	-75	-82	-89	-97
	60	25	17	10	3	-4	-11	-19	-26	-33	-40	-48	-55	-62	-69	-76	-84	-91	-98

Frostbite Times

30 minutes

10 minutes

5 minutes

Wind Chill (°F) = $35.74 + 0.6215T - 35.75(V^{0.16}) + 0.4275T(V^{0.16})$

Where, T= Air Temperature (°F) V= Wind Speed (mph)

Effective 11/01/01







Internet



- Main NWS Web Site- http://weather.gov
 - Click on part of the state that you are interested in and you will be directly to the office that serves that area.
- NWS Binghamton- http://weather.gov/bgm







New for Winter 2005-2006



- Snow Intensity Outlook
 - Provide a map depicting areas of:
 - < 1 inch per hour</p>
 - 1-3 inches per hour
 - More than 3 inches per hour

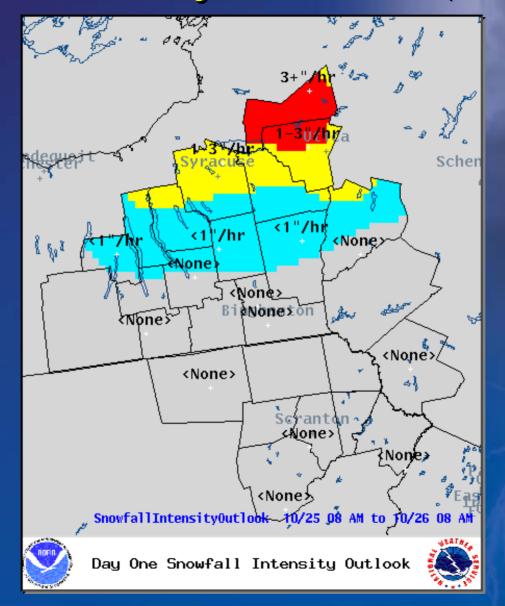






Snow Intensity Outlook (24 hrs)











NOAA/NWS Office

Greater Binghamton Airport

32 Dawes Drive

Johnson City, NY 13790



